

# Angel Investing 202: The Mechanics of Investing

This webinar will start when the first participant joins zoom.
Please unmute and announce that you are in the call.

#### **Agenda**

- The Big Picture
- Investment instruments
- Angel Investing Norms
- Valuations
- Post-investment activities
- Tax considerations





# Angel Investing 202: The Mechanics of Investing

#### **Agenda**

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- Angel Investing Norms
- Valuations
- Post-investment activities
- Tax considerations







#### The Network

#### **About**

- First investment in 2016
- Primarily pre-seed investments
- 85 angel investors
- Chapters in Austin, Dallas and Houston
- We fund companies from across the US
- We also has a Philanthropic sidecar fund

#### **Investments**

- Have invested \$13M in 39 impact companies
- Per year

  - ~ 6 companies get initial funding
  - ~6 portfolio companies get follow-on funding



#### **SWAN Evaluates Two Bottom Lines**

**Primary consideration** 

Financial return to shareholders

Impact created by company's primary business mission

**Secondary consideration** 

ESG (Environmental, Social, Governance), DEI & other socially responsible internal operations





#### **The Big Picture**

#### **Example of a Funding Life Cycle**

**Company** creation

Angel Investments

Venture
Capital
Investments

**Exit** 

Year 0: Employees get common stock Years 1-2:
Angels make loan
(convertible
debt) to company
or buy preferred
stock

Years 3-5:
VCs buy
multiple rounds
(A/B/C..) of
preferred stock.
Angel debt
converts to
preferred stock.

Years 7: Investors and employees can cash out



#### Ways Investors Can Make a Return



Loan: Revenue-based Financing or Venture Debt



M&A – Merger and Acquisition



Become Partner in an LLC



IPO – Initial Public Offering of stock



#### **Key Concept - Valuations**

\$2M premoney valuation \$1M investment = \$3M postmoney valuation

#### Result: Investors own 1/3 of the company

- "pre-money valuation" is used for equity investments, e.g., Series A
- "valuation cap" defines a maximum pre-money for convertible-debt conversion and can be different (lower or higher) from the equity premoney.





## Common Investment Instruments

#### **Equity based**

- Convertible Debt
- SAFE Notes
- Preferred Stock

#### Loan based

Revenue Based Financing

#### **Typical Investment Instruments**

Stage	Bootstrap		Series A > B > C	At IPO or M&A
Founders	Common stock	Few additional shares		Shares become liquid
Employees	Common stock option grants.		Options convert to liquid common stock	
Equity Investors		Mostly Angels Typically: convertible debt, or SAFE	Mostly VCs: preferred stock	Preferred stock converts 1:1 to liquid common stock

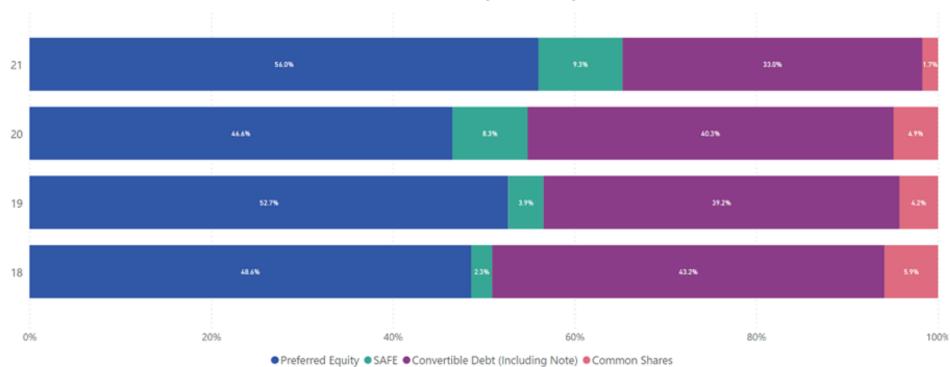


#### Instruments used by ACA Angel Groups

Preferred Stock and Convertible Notes are predominant

FIGURE 4: % OF ANGEL DEALS BY DEAL STRUCTURE

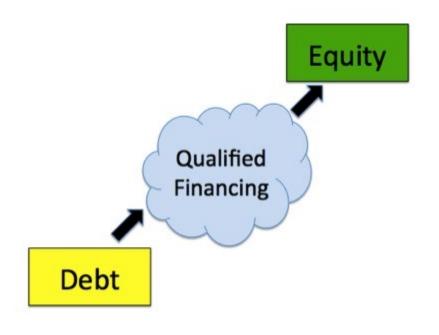
% of Transactions by Security & Year



Source: Angel Funder's Report, 2022

#### **Convertible Debt**

- The loan automatically buys series A preferred stock when A is issued, at better terms than the series A investors receive
- Debt is unsecured (unrecoverable) if the company fails
- No pre-money valuation is set





#### **How Convertible Debt Works**

Convertible Interest \$
Debt \$ earned

typically 5-8 percent

buys

Series A preferred Stock

at a discount

typically a 15-20% discount and with a pre-money valuation cap



#### **Convertible Debt – Key Terms**



#### Valuation cap

- Impacts the number of shares issued at conversion
- Example:
  - If series A investors offer a pre-money of \$8M, then \$1M of their money buys 1/9th of the company
  - But if the Notes's Cap is \$4M, then \$0.5M (the angels' prior convertible note amount) also buys 1/9<sup>th</sup> of the company when series A occurs

- Discount on series A price (~15%)
- **Interest** rate (~ 3 to 8%)
- Conversion trigger
  - A series A of a certain \$ size (e.g., \$2M)
- Maturity date
  - Investors can ask for repayment at that date
  - Or sometimes, a forced conversion at that date using the valuation cap



### What Convertible Debt Valuation Cap makes sense?

**Investor Cap Objective: apply standard rules of thumb** 

Pre-revenue	ARR < \$100k	ARR < \$500k	ARR > \$1M
\$1.5 to \$3M	\$2.5M to \$5M	\$4M TO \$8M	\$6M to \$1xM

Ideally satisfy both objectives: A pre-revenue company raises \$500k and offers a valuation cap of \$3M. (Post of \$3.5M. ~15%).

Company Cap Objective: Give pre-seed investors no more than ~15% ownership



#### **Conversion Example – Harmonic Bionics**



Chris Prentice CEO



- 2019 Convertible Note
  - SWAN invested \$140k
  - + \$8M valuation cap
  - 10% interest
  - 20% discount

- 2021 Preferred A Raise
  - \$13.5M pre-money valuation
  - \$0.9217 per share for new investors
- We converted our \$140k at \$0.5462 per share, resulting in:
  - \$264k valuation
  - \$124k unrealized gain
  - 1.9x increase in valuation
  - 68% unrealized IRR



#### **More Convertible Debt Terms**

- Use of Proceeds: Allowable uses. Includes: cannot be used to pay off prior debt
- Closings: Is there a minimum \$
   amount for 1<sup>st</sup> closing?
- Change of Control: Payout protections
- Most Favored Nation: If future Conv. Debt has better terms, then we get those also
- Pre-Payment: allowed only if investor agree

- Information Rights: Details are specified
- Protective Provisions: Actions by company that conv. debt investors must approve
- Board of Directors: Do we get a seat?
- Key Person Clause: E.g., CEO will continue full time for 5 years
- Conditions to Closing: List of required steps, e.g., conversion to C-Corp
- Fees and Expenses: Who pays legal transaction fees



### In Summary, the three most important Convertible Note terms

### Valuation Cap Interest rate Discount



#### "Standard" Safe Notes

- Are not a loan
- Conversion at any size of preferred stock financing
- Are basically a warrant
- Optional structures:
  - No valuation cap and no discount (Just say no)
  - A valuation cap, but no discount (Just say no)
  - A discount, but no valuation cap (Just say no)
  - A valuation cap and a discount (same as Conv. Note)

#### What a Convertible Note has that SAFE lacks

- Always a Cap and a Discount
- Loan terms:
  - Interest earned (Yes!!!!!)
  - Maturity date (Yes)
- More conversion triggers (Yes)
  - Equity round of a <u>certain size</u>
  - Maturity date
  - Exit
- Other investor rights (Yes!!!!)
  - Possible Board of Directors participation
- All the other terms from previous slide

#### **Preferred Stock**



- Successive priced rounds: Named Series A, Series B, Series C, .....
- Typically: VC-led and a Delaware C-Corp is required
- The marketplace sets the price/share
- Price/share can be higher or lower than in previous round
  - "Down" rounds are terrible for prior investors



#### Why is it call "Preferred"?

- Preferred stock holders have rights that common stock holders lack
  - Most notably, upon acquisition investors have the option to get
     1 to 2 times their investment back before
     common gets anything
    - If a company raise \$3M and get acquired for \$2M than common stockholders may get nothing
- The preferences are why investors pay more per share than stock option strike prices



### Preferred typically get to approve:



- Change the primary business of the company
- Annual budgets, business plans, and financial plans
- Hiring of all officers
- Compensation for officers
- A merger or acquisition
- Liquidation, wind-up or dissolution;
- Increase or decrease the number of directors
- Standard company employment agreements

- Equity incentive programs as well as issuance of all stock and stock options
- Paying of dividends
- An increase in the authorized number of shares
- Real estate transactions
- Capital equipment purchases greater than \$500,000
- Debt in excess of \$500,000



#### **Additional Preferred Stock Terms**

- Pre-Money: Sets how premoney valuation is calculated. Includes unallocated option pool.
- Anti-Dilution Protection: if the company sells additional securities at a price less than the price paid by current investors
- Participation Rights:
   Investors will have the right to participate in future rounds of financing, to maintain their ownership percentage in the company.

- Board Composition.
- Drag Along: Investors may require common shareholders to vote in favor of a company sale if it is approved by preferred shareholders
- Pay to Play: requires that Investors participate in the present financing or future financings to retain antidilution or other rights.
- Dividends: Accrued dividends are paid upon a sale of the company



### **EQUITY INVESTMENTS**



- The important question: Can company grow to ~\$40,000,000 in revenue and get acquired?
  - Half of angel-funded start-ups will return \$0
- Dilution <u>is</u> significant (valuation cap/pre-money)
- The SEED Fund analyzed their 70 investments and found that the best predictor, by far, of a company's success was company-friendly terms
  - Companies with the best products, the best teams and large markets can demand the best deal terms



#### Non-Equity Revenue-based Funding:

#### Loan repaid with % of revenue

Amount loaned	25% to 33% of annualized revenue
Repayment rate	4% to 8% of gross revenue
Total repaid	1.5x to 3x the amount loaned

#### Benefits to company

- Company does not give up equity [non-dilutive]
- No M&A pressure from investors [no exit required]
- Repayment amounts scale with revenue [no fixed monthly payment]

#### Typical funding criteria

- \$300k+ annualized revenue
- 40%+ gross margins
- Repayment is projected to occur in 3 to 5 years
- Product-market fit is established
- Funding will be used only for growth
- Company has no high-interest debt
- Often, comes after series A, and helps company increase value before B





### Angel Investing Norms



### November 2022 Perspective from Founders Institute

Stage	Pre-Seed	Seed	Series A
Traction	<b>Customer Validation</b>	Product-Market Fit	Expansion
Growth Rate	0 - 20% MoM	15% - 30% MoM	25%+ MoM
Monthly Revenue	\$0 - \$75k	\$75k - \$200k	\$200k+
Team Size	2+	10+	20+
Product	MVP	Robust	Commercial
Investors	Friends & family,	Seed Accelerators,	Series A/ Growth VC
	Seed Accelerators,	Angels, Seed VC	Funds, Existing
	Angels, Pre-Seed/ Micro VC Funds	Funds	Investors
Round Size	\$25k - \$750k	\$750k - \$4m	\$4m+
<b>Company Valuation</b>	\$1m - \$5m	\$5m - \$12m	\$30m - \$60m
Investment Vehicle	SAFE/ Convertible Note	Priced Round	Priced Round



### Angels typically invest early in revenue cycle

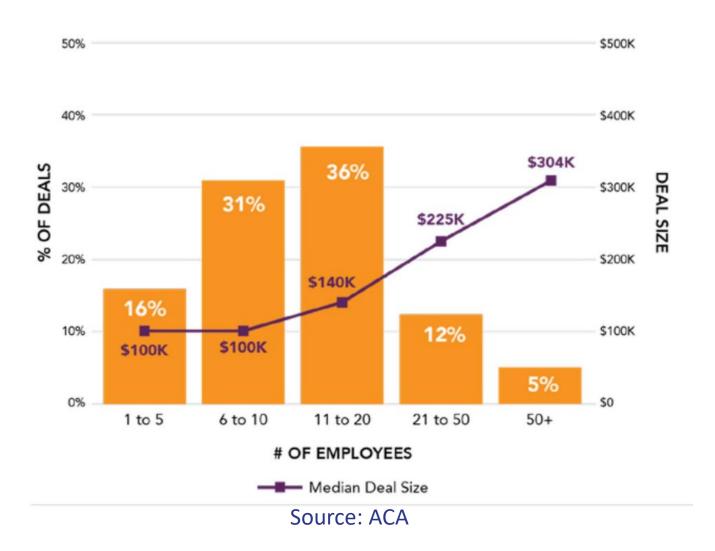




COMPANY REVENUE AT TIME OF FUNDING

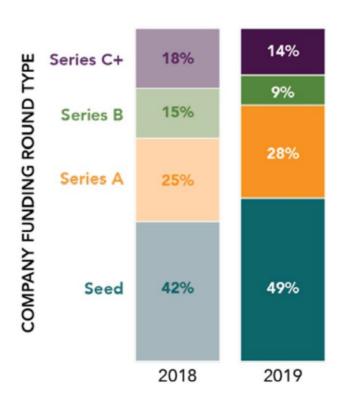
Source: ACA

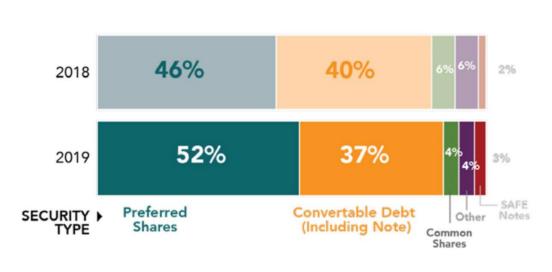
### Angels typically invest when Companies have less than 20 employees





### Angels typically invest at Pre-Seed, Seed & A Stages

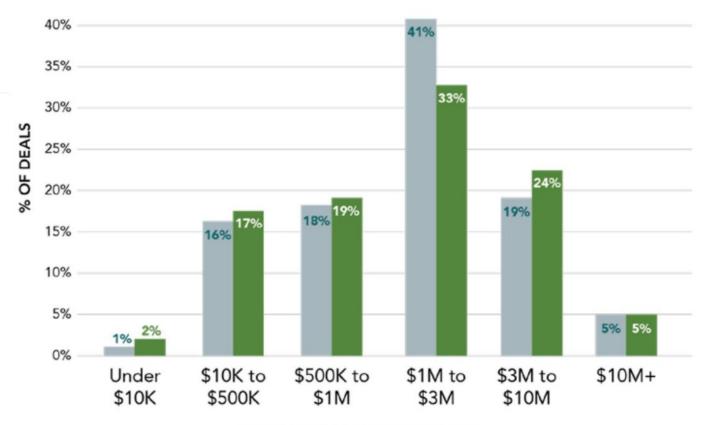




Source: ACA



### Total Funds Raised When Angel Participated



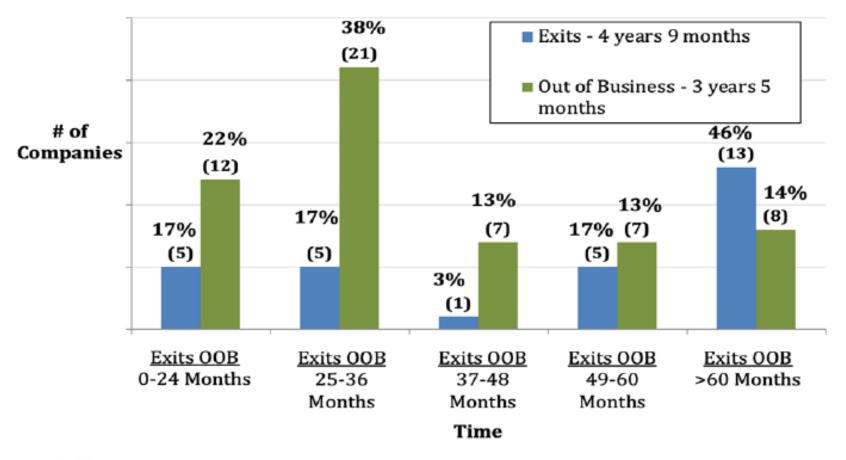




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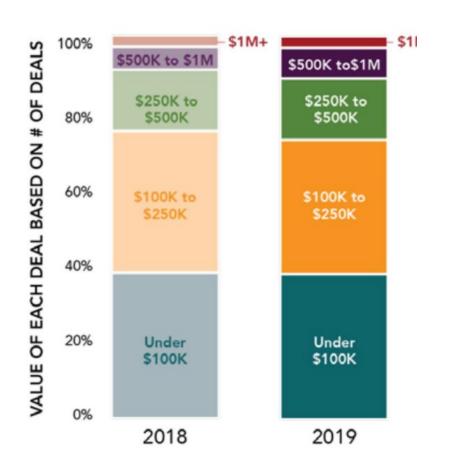


#### **Angels are Patient Investors**





### ~75% of Angel Deals are \$250,000 or less



A smart Seed Round investing practice is for the all of the investors to collectively own, initially, 15% to 25% of the company.

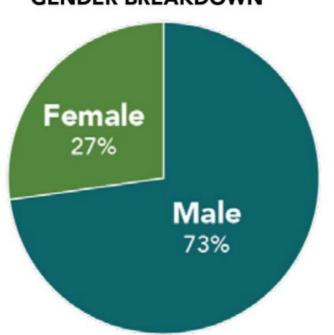
For example:
a \$1M total Seed
investment by all investors
implies a maximum
valuation cap of
\$4M to \$6.7M



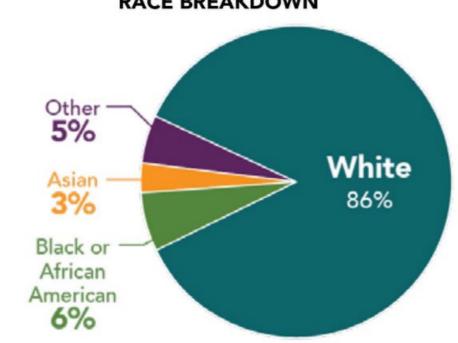
Source: ACA

#### **Angels typically invest** in white male CEOs





#### RACE BREAKDOWN

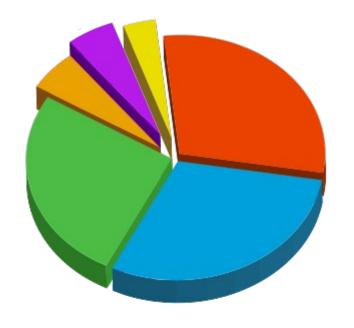


Source: ACA



SWAN: ~50% of investments to under-represented teams

# Cap Tables, Valuations, Percent Ownership, Potential Returns



Cap Table	Capitalization table. Who owns what part of the company. Considers future ownership: stock options, warrants
Valuation	Total value of the company. If stock has been issued, valuation equals the number of shares time stock price.



#### **Example of a Cap Table**

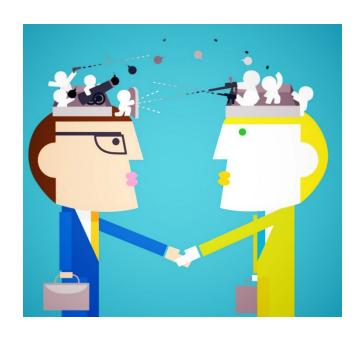


Total - Fully Dilluted		4,580,000	100%
Unallocated stock options		800,000	17%
	Investor	400,000	9%
Preferred Stock	Investor	200,000	4%
	CFO	80,000	2%
Stock Options Granted	СТО	100,000	2%
	co-founder	1,000,000	22%
Common stock	CEO	2,000,000	44%

- What we like to see:
  - Option pool of 15% for new hires
  - Vesting schedule for all founders
  - CEO has more shares than each individual co-founder



# A company's valuation is determined by the marketplace

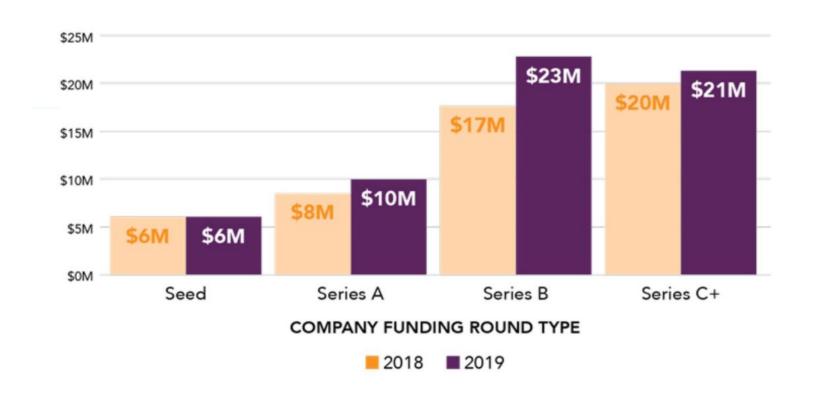


- A negotiation between the buyer (investor) and the seller (the company)
  - What valuation will the lead investor agree to?
  - What percent ownership will the lead investor agree to?
- Companies shop around to get the best terms
- A valuation that is higher than market norms can set a company up for a valuation decrease at the next round (a painful down-round)



#### **Median Valuations**

(what the company is worth)





Source: ACA

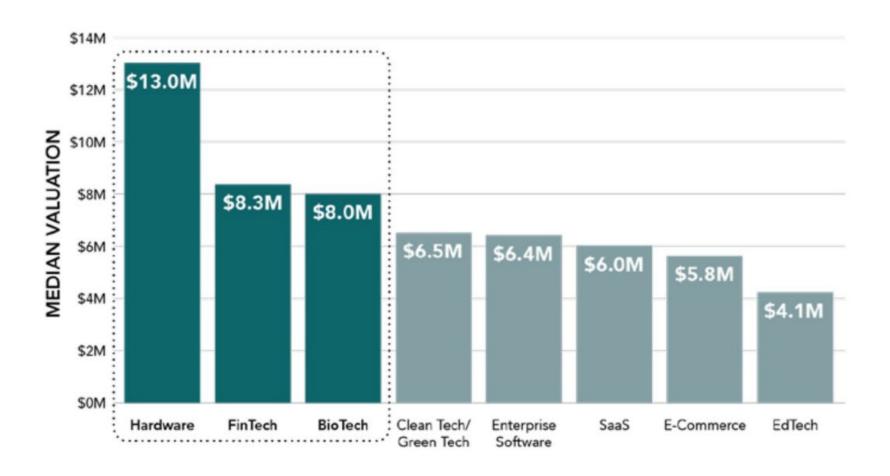
#### Valuations Vary by Region



Source: ACA



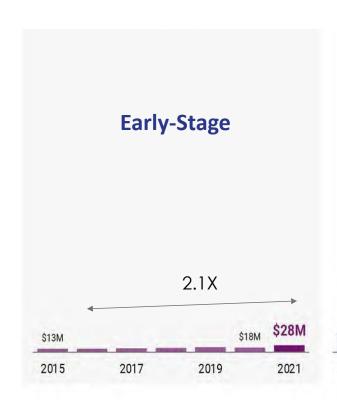
#### **Initial Valuations by Industry**

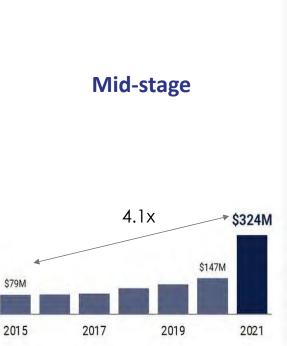


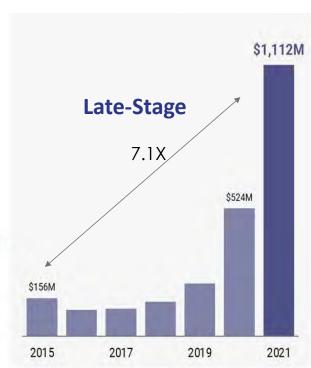


Source: ACA

# Some History: Median Valuations Grew Dramatically in Seven Years





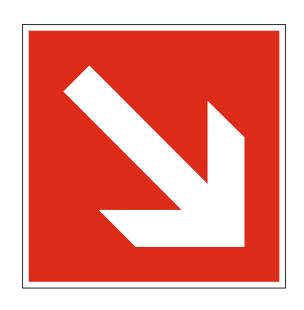








### Advice for Negotiating Valuations in 2023



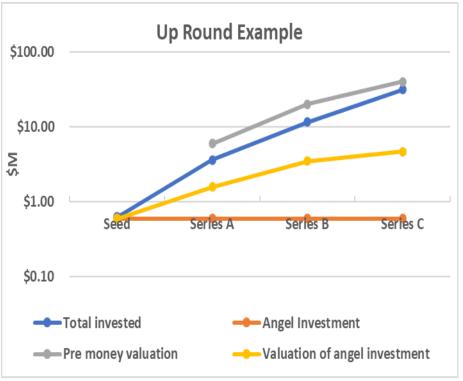
- Ignore the recent valuation craziness
- 2021 valuations are not a guide for 2023
- A prior round valuation may have little relevance to a new round in 2023
  - Some sectors have seen valuations drop by 50%
    - Especially for later-stage companies

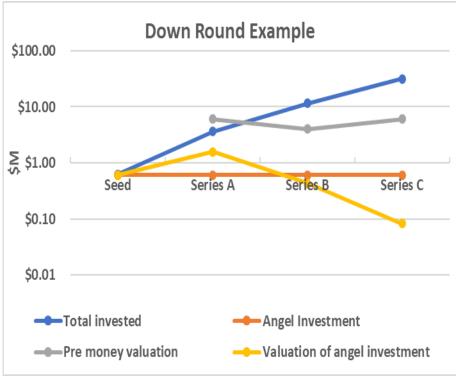


#### Valuations can go Up or Down









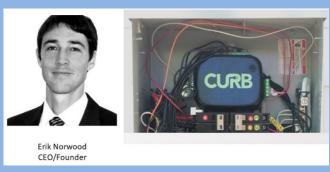


#### **SWAN Valuation Results**

#### Flow Below – Acquired, 36% IRR



#### Curb – Merger, unrealized 5% IRR



#### **Acadeum – Conversion, unrealized 13%**



Josh Pierce CEO/Founder



#### Yotta - Conversion, unrealized 17% IRR



Omeed Badkoobeh CEO/Co-Founder



#### **Brobe - Repaid loan, 10% IRR**



#### Harmonic – Conversion, unrealized 69% IRR



Chris Prentice CEO



# Valuation, Dilution, Return Example: Angel 7x return.

Every round has a higher stock price (up rounds)

Invested (\$M)	Bootstrap	Seed	
VC Series C			
VC Series B			
VC Series A			
Seed (Angel)		\$ 0.60	
Employees	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03	
	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.63	
Valuation	Bootstrap	Seed	
Share price			
Pre-funding Val			
Post- funding Va	aluation(\$m)		
Shares	Bootstrap	Seed	
VC Series C			
VC Series B			
VC Series A			
Seed (Angel)			
Employees	1,000,000	1,000,000	
	1,000,000	1,000,000	
% Ownership	Bootstrap	Seed	
VC Series C			
VC Series B			
VC Series A			
Seed (Angel)			
Employees	100%	100%	
Angel Bottom Li			
Angel Post valua			
Multiple on inve			

In this example:
Seed round is led by
angels (\$600k) using
convertible debt

Angels have no ownership

No valuation is set

# Valuation, Dilution, Return Example: Angel 7x return.

Every round has a higher stock price (up rounds)

				1
Invested (\$M)	Bootstrap	Seed	Series A	
VC Series C				
VC Series B				to the average of
VC Series A			\$ 3.00	In this example:
Seed (Angel)		\$ 0.60	\$ 0.60	Series A equity
Employees	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03	\ investment by VCs
	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.63	\$ 3.63	`(\$3M and
Valuation	Bootstrap	Seed	Series A	\$4/share)
Share price			\$ 4.04	
Pre-funding Valua	ation (\$M)		\$ 6.00	← Pre-money of \$6M
Post- funding Va	luation(\$m)		\$ 9.00	and post-money of
Shares	Bootstrap	Seed	Series A	\$9M
VC Series C				•
VC Series B				Conversion with
VC Series A			742,574	20% discount &
Seed (Angel)			389,851	5% interest
Employees	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,100,000	Ontion
	1,000,000	1,000,000	2,232,426	Option pool
% Ownership	Bootstrap	Seed	Series A	increased
VC Series C				
VC Series B				Debt converts with
VC Series A			33%	discount and
Seed (Angel)			17%	←interest and angels
Employees	100%	100%	49%	own 17% of \$9M,
Angel Bottom Line				valued
Angel Post valuation (\$M)			\$ 1.57	<b>←</b> at \$1.57M
Multiple on investment			2.6	'

#### Valuation, Dilution, Return **Example: Angel 8x** return.

**Every round has a** higher stock price (up rounds)

Invested (\$M)	Bootstrap		Series B		Series C	
VC Series C				\$	20.00	Series B and
VC Series B		\$	8.00	\$	8.00	have higher
VC Series A		\$	3.00	\$	3.00	
Seed (Angel)		\$	0.60	\$	0.60	price per sha
Employees	\$ 0.03	\$	0.03	\$	0.03	Carias D. C.
	\$ 0.03	\$	11.63	\$	31.63	Series B & C
Valuation	Bootstrap		Series B		Series C	/ have a pre-
Share price		\$	8.95	\$	12.05	valuation wh
Pre-funding Val	uation (\$M)	\$	20.00	\$	40.00	←is higher tha
Post- funding V	aluation(\$m)	\$	28.00	\$	60.00	previous
Shares	Bootstrap	Ser	ies B	Ser	ies C	round's
VC Series C					1,659,751	post- valuati
VC Series B			893,855		893,855	
VC Series A			742,574		742,574	Option pool
Seed (Angel)			389,851		389,851	increased to
Employees	1,000,000		1,100,000		1,300,000	keep
	1,000,000		3,126,280		4,986,032	
% Ownership	Bootstrap		Series B		Series C	employees
VC Series C					33%	engaged
VC Series B			29%		18%	
VC Series A			24%		15%	After series (
Seed (Angel)			12%		7.8%	angels own 8
Employees	100%		35%		26%	of \$60M,
Angel Bottom Line						valued at
Angel Post valuation (\$M)		\$	3.49	\$	4.69	\$4.7M
Multiple on inve	estment		5.8		7.8	•

ries B and C ive higher ice per share

ive a preluation which higher than evious und's ost- valuation

> otion pool is creased to ер nployees igaged

ter series C, gels own 8% \$60M, lued at .7M

# Angel 0.1x return example.

Company survives
but struggles
during A and B.
Series B & C are
down rounds.

Employee option pool increased to retain employees.

Angel's \$600K investment now valued at \$80k

					1
Invested (\$M)	Bootstrap	Seed	Series A	Series B	Series C
VC Series C					\$ 20.00
VC Series B				\$ 8.00	\$ 8.00
VC Series A			\$ 3.00	\$ 3.00	\$ 3.00
Seed (Angel)		\$ 0.60	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.60
Employees	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03
	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.63	\$ 3.63	\$ 11.63	\$ 31.63
Valuation	Bootstrap	Seed	Series A	Series B	Series C
Share price			\$ 4.04	\$ 1.10	\$ 0.21
Pre-funding Valuation (\$M)			\$ 6.00	\$ 4.00	\$ 6.00
Post- funding Valuation(\$m)			\$ 9.00	\$ 12.00	\$ 26.00
Shares	Bootstrap	Seed	Series A	Series B	Series C
VC Series C					94,339,623
VC Series B				7,272,727	7,272,727
VC Series A			742,574	742,574	742,574
Seed (Angel)			389,851	389,851	389,851
Employees	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,100,000	2,500,000	20,000,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	2,232,426	10,905,153	122,744,776
% Ownership	Bootstrap	Seed	Series A	Series B	Series C
VC Series C					77%
VC Series B				67%	6%
VC Series A			33%	7%	1%
Seed (Angel)			17%	4%	0.3%
Employees	100%	100%	49%	23%	16%
Angel Bottom Line					
Angel Post valuation (\$M)			\$ 1.57	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.08
Multiple on investment			2.6	0.7	0.1

#### **Post-investment Goals**

- A wildly successful company
- Company closes their entire round
  - SWAN can help syndicate the deal
- CEO receives the most-needed assistance
  - Coaching, introductions, hiring C-level
- Good ongoing two-way communication between company and investors



#### **Post-investment Activities**

- Receive quarterly reports for company
- Involvement opportunities

Board of Directors seat

If we led the deal and invested significant amount. Has some legal risks.

**BoD** Observer

Attend board meeting but don't vote on board resolutions. No legal risk



Formal Advisory Board seat

May include stock options

Mentor / informal advisor

Not compensated



Unusual



#### Tax considerations: Laws can change yearly. Consult a tax attorney!!!!

#### QSBS:

A Qualified Small Business
 Stock. is a domestic C
 Corporation in which the aggregate gross assets of the corporation at all times up to the time of issuance do not exceed \$50M

#### Section 1202

 Can exclude 100% of QSBS capital gains from taxes if stock (not convertible debt) is held for five years

#### Section 1045

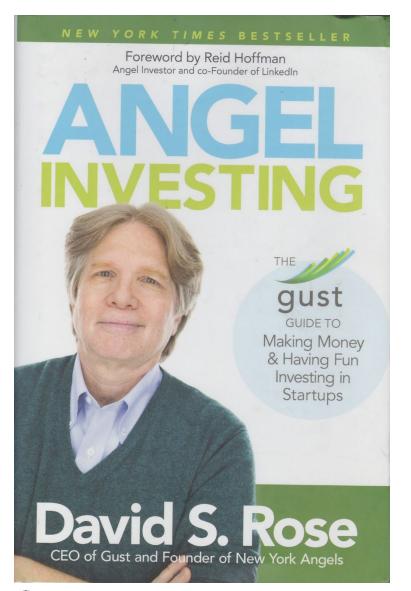
 Capital gains can be avoided if you put all of the gains from a QSBS in a new QSBS investment within 60 days

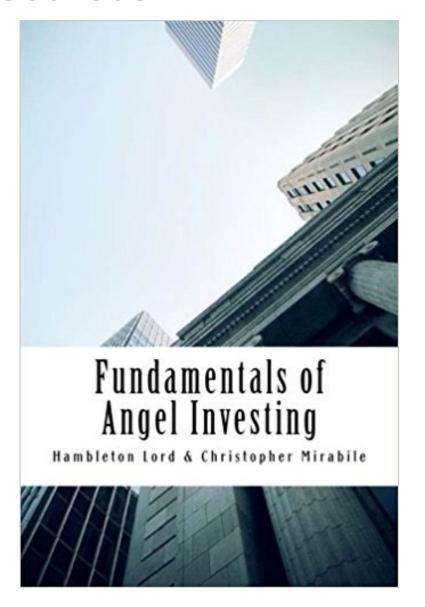
#### Section 1244

 If your investment is part of the initial \$1M invested in a QSBS company, the loss can be used to reduce your earned income (vs. reducing capital gains)



#### **Good Resources**







#### **More Resources**

- Angel Capital Association web site
  - Click on the "Education" tab at <a href="https://www.angelcapitalassociation.org/">https://www.angelcapitalassociation.org/</a>



#### **Additional Webinars**



#### **Angel Investing 101**

 The Angel Experience: What is an Angel Investor? What motivates Angels? What are examples of typical Angel investments? How does the SWAN operate?



#### **Angel Investing 201**

 The Big Picture: Basics of building an Investment Portfolio, and an introduction to how to do Due Diligence



#### **Angel Investing 203**

Measuring Impact and Results: A
 Discussion of Metrics and Tools, and
 examples of SWAN impact assessments



#### **Webinar Feedback**



Any final questions?



What was most helpful?



What was less interesting?



What would you like to learn more about?



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I look forward to meeting you.



Bob



### The Angel Investing 202 webinar has ended.